

THE CITIZEN

CLAYTON, - - NEW MEXICO

The Jap certainly is sharper than a serpent's tooth.

New York's chauncers have struck their employers for more money. For aace the pedestrian escaped.

A magazine is to be printed for the blind. Those who won't see have al-ready their favorite periodicals.

Having dipped his hands into its money chest, the duke of Marlborough has no further use for the Vanderbilt family.

Clergymen must now pay full fare on almost all railroad lines. What they lose in cash, however, they ought to gain in self-respect.

And now an Englishman talks of the "joyous American face." Of course the English face is notoriously animat-ed and cheery.

A Cuban editor has been wounded in a duel with a military hero. He should have remembered the old say-ing about the pen.

The Pullman company declares that its sleeping cars are hotels. It does not go so far, however, as to suggest that its porters shall hereafter be re-ferred to as chambermaids.

Those who question the happiness of bachelor girl existence have a con-spicuous example in Miss Helen Gould, one member of the Gould family who keeps out of hot water.

A minister in North Carolina re-fuses to curtail the length of his ser-mons at the request of his congrega-tion. Probably he believes that those who want short sermons are the most in need of long ones.

After all, England seems to have adopted the phonetic spelling. The British Medical Journal says that the following words have been officially registered as designations of whisky: "Cracyristobelleditionment," "Aga-phyon," "Sempermickelment" and "Skabrigdantfyuge."

The empress of China has already ennobled an Englishman and made his ancestors for nine generations man-darins of the highest rank. Here is an opportunity, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, for members of the American snobocracy to secure vigor-ous and deep-rooted family trees.

Those people must be "kidding" who say that Capt. Kidd buried treas-ures on Deer Island. As the money found secreted in the earth there was minted a hundred years or more after the pirate's death, he would have to be as immortal as the veritable Fly-ing Dutchman to have concealed coin of the nineteenth century on the piece of land near Shirley Gut.

The most popular novelist among the girls of the British empire, ac-cording to a recent investigation con-ducted through libraries and book stores, is Henry Seton Merriman, and the most popular poet is Tennyson. "Alice in Wonderland" is more read in the British colonies than in the mother country, and boys books are as interesting to the girls as books written for girls alone.

Post office receipts reflect quite ac-curately the growth of business and population. The receipts for the fiscal year which closed June 30, 1906, were larger by more than \$15,000,000 than during the preceding year. This is the largest increase for any year in the history of the service. The excess of expenditures over receipts was about \$10,500,000, which was \$1,000,000 less than in 1905.

The American marine continues to win good opinions, wherever his ser-vices are utilized as a fighting man or in more peaceful fashion. He was among the first to go to the defense of law and order in Cuba, and now come reports showing that when the cyclone swept over the island Amer-ican marines went gallantly to the rescue and accomplished much work in saving life and property. It has come to be a proverb that Uncle Sam's marines are the most "depend-able" of their kind, no matter what the duty required.

Kansas has a new rule, drawn by the state board of health, which is an interesting contribution to the solu-tion of the pure food problem. "The sale at retail within the state of Kan-sas for human food of any domestic or wild fowl or game or fish that has been kept in cold storage with en-trails, crops and other offensive parts undrawn is prohibited. The service for food of any such domestic or wild fowl or game or fish is also prohib-ited." With each state lies the respon-sibility of protecting its people against impure food produced and consumed within the state, and many of the states are waking to their responsi-bility.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Earthquake Shook New Mexico.

An Albuquerque dispatch of Novem-ber 15th says: At 5:10 this morning this city and other towns of the central and southern part of New Mexico were awakened by several earthquake shocks, but no damage is reported.

Wall ornaments, shelf goods and even buildings shook a little, but there was no uneasiness among the people and no damage whatever.

Socorro, San Marcial, Laguna and other towns south and west report having felt the tremors, but say no harm came from them. The vibrations traveled from east to west.

A slight but distinct earthquake shock was felt at Roswell. The shock was felt most distinctly by the guests at the Grand Central hotel.

An earthquake shock at Mesalera Indian reservation at 5 o'clock awoke people and shook things from shelves. Many El Paso people have reported that the shock was felt there.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Following is Governor Hagerman's Thanksgiving proclamation:

Thursday, November 29th, is Thanksgiving Day, made holy by the Pilgrim fathers and sacredly kept to the present generation by the people of the United States. It is for most people a day of rest, a day of feasting and of rejoicing. Governor Hagerman, in the following proclamation, calls the attention of the people to the occasion, in accordance with the pro-clamation of President Roosevelt.

Territory of New Mexico, Executive Department.

The past year has been one of un-equalled prosperity in the history of New Mexico, and of the nation of which the people of this Territory are a part. Spiritually, materially, and morally, great strides have been made towards that perfection which should be the aim of individuals and of na-tions. It has been a year of bountiful harvests, of large increase in our herds of cattle and sheep, of great progress in agriculture, in irrigation, in mining, and in the development of all the nat-ural resources so lavishly furnished us by nature for the support and happi-ness of our people.

Throughout the nation the spiritual life of the people, and the public con-science, have been quickened; official wrong-doing has been exposed and civic weakness uncovered. In all parts of the country there is apparent a remarkable awakening of public sentiment in suppression of avarice, graft, and greed, a movement which must culminate in the enactment of more wholesome laws, and ultimately in the purification of the body politic.

From the early days of our Repub-lic, when the pioneers from across the sea first set foot on the shores of New England, the American people have acknowledged their dependence on the allegiance to the God of Nations, and have expressed their trust in and given thanks to Him.

As evidence of our gratitude to God for the blessings which have been showered upon us, and in obedience to time honored custom,

I, H. J. Hagerman, governor of the Territory of New Mexico, hereby pro-claim and set aside, Thursday, No-vember 29, 1906, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer, to be ob-served by all the people of the Terri-tory.

Done at the Executive office this tenth day of November, A. D. 1906. Witness my hand and the great seal of the Territory of New Mexico.

(Signed) H. J. HAGERMAN, By the Governor: (Signed) J. W. RAYNOLDS, Secretary of New Mexico.

Emma L. Seward has been ap-pointed postmaster at Tres Piedras to succeed Felix Grant.

Juan Garcia, aged seventy-three, who murdered his brother Florencia, aged seventy-seven, is believed to be insane. After a preliminary examination at Santa Fe he was held in \$5,000 bail for trial, or to await the result of a formal investigation into his sanity.

The following new postmasters have been appointed in New Mexico: Caro-line M. Osburn at Epris, Gladalupe county; Julia M. Lobato, at Lumber-ton, Rio Arriba county; Eli C. Priest of Rincon, Dona Ana county; William F. Thaman at Dexter, Chaves county.

At Questa, election night, Polito Gar-cia, who tried to separate Melitan Gar-cia and Pedro Barela, who were quar-reling over a game of cards, was shot and dangerously wounded by Melitan, who then turned and killed Barela with a second shot from his revolver. The murderer was jailed.

The Las Vegas grant trustees have declined the offer made by Fred C. Brown and associates of Chicago for the purchase of 100,000 acres of farm-ing land on the Las Vegas grant. Brown has acquired the unsold por-tion of the 50,000 acres now on the market, about 30,000 acres, and the board decided not to enter into ne-gotiations for the sale of additional lands until he had sold this tract to actual settlers.

Judge McFie, in the District Court at Santa Fe, has decided in mandamus proceedings that the precincts of Espanola and Moriarty, separated from Santa Fe county and annexed to Rio Arriba and Torrance county, respect-ively, must pay their share of the in-debtedness and interest of the county of Santa Fe. Espanola precinct fa-vored annexation to Rio Arriba county to escape responsibility for its part of the indebtedness. In consequence the commissioners of Rio Arriba must make an extra levy of 15 mills on the dollar in Espanola precinct.

National Guard Order.

The following orders have been is-sued by Adjutant General A. P. Tar-kington by command of Governor Hagerman:

General Orders No. 23. Territory of New Mexico, adjutant general's of-fice, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The resignation of D. C. Pearson as captain First Infantry is accepted to date October 1, 1906.

The resignation of R. H. Hart as captain First Infantry is accepted to date October 1, 1906.

The following appointment is an-nounced for the information of all con-cerned:

To be colonel and aide de camp on the staff of the governor, E. G. Austin of Las Vegas, to date August 11, 1906.

The following promotions are an-nounced for the information of all con-cerned:

To be colonel and surgeon general, Captain J. A. Massie, medical depart-ment, to date August 11, 1906, vice Tipton resigned.

To be captain and assistant surgeon, First Lieutenant S. A. Milliken, medi-cal department, to date October 25, 1906, vice Massie, promoted.

The Vote for Delegate.

The official returns for all the coun-ties of the territory show that W. H. Andrews received a plurality of 326 votes, as follows:

Majorities for Andrews.	
Bernalillo	259
Dona Ana	207
Lincoln	75
McKinley	76
Colfax	771
Sandoval	633
Santa Fe	54
Socorro	619
Taos	362
Torrance	313
Valencia	1,409
Total	4,783

Majorities for Larrazolo.	
Chaves	670
Eddy	593
Grant	437
Gadalupe	162
Luna	161
Mora	130
Otero	123
Quay	221
Rio Arriba	218
Roosevelt	627
San Juan	141
San Miguel	768
Sierra	5
Union	196
Total	4,457
Majority for Andrews	326

Ignorant Moquis Fight Schools.

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 15th inst. says: Lieutenant Lewis and Troop K, Fifth cavalry, have arrived at Fort Defiance, in the Navajo reser-vation, with 115 members of the Moqui tribe, living in Oraibi pueblo, in north-ern Arizona. The Indians were ar-rested and brought as captives on account of serious warfare within the tribe, which has been going on for several weeks.

The more enlightened of the Moqui Indians have insisted on the introduc-tion of schools into the pueblo. The ignorant element has objected to modern ideas, with the result that open warfare broke out and the conserva-tives were driven out of the pueblo. The cavalry was ordered from Fort Wingate to restore order. When he arrived Lieutenant Lewis found that the conservatives had laid siege to the pueblo. He was unable to bring about peace, and arrested one entire faction of the belligerent element. The In-dians will be held at Fort Defiance un-til order has been restored.

New Mexico Council Members.

The Council of the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly of New Mexico will compare more than favorably with any similar body elected this year in the United States, even in the most populous and richest of the states, ac-cording to the Santa Fe New Mexican. Its twelve members are as follows: First district, Colfax and Union coun-ties, M. B. Stockton, stock raiser; Sec-ond district, Taos and Mora, Malaquias Martinez, stock raiser and farmer; Third district, Rio Arriba and San Juan counties, W. G. Sargent, mer-chant and stock raiser; Fourth dis-trict, San Miguel, Charles A. Spless, lawyer; Fifth district, San Miguel, Guadalupe and Quay, James S. Dun-can, railroad contractor and capitalist; Sixth district, Santa Fe and Sandoval counties, E. A. Micra, merchant, stock raiser and farmer; Seventh district, Bernalillo, Joseph F. Sulzer, capital-ist; Eighth district, Valencia and Mc-Kinley, Jacob Chaves, merchant and stock raiser; Ninth district, Socorro and Sierra, Harvey B. Richards, mer-chant; Tenth district, Luna, Grant and Dona Ana, W. D. Murray, banker; Eleventh district, Otero, Lincoln and Torrance, Carl A. Dalles, banker, mer-chant and stock raiser; these are all Republicans. Twelfth district, Eddy, Chaves and Roosevelt, J. O. Cameron, lawyer, Democrat.

On the night of November 1st Jose Marcel and Christian Croix, Pima In-dian youths from Arizona, attending St. Catharine's school at Santa Fe, be-cured whisky and attacked the home of Frank M. Jones, near town. Mrs. Jones, who was alone, put them to flight. Captain Farnoff and Lieutenant Collier of the mounted police captured one of the boys. The other escaped to the school.

FARMERS MEET

NATIONAL GRANGE IN SESSION AT DENVER.

FROM TWENTY-TWO STATES

Ex-Governor of New Hampshire in the Master's Chair—Formally Welcomed by Governor and Governor-Elect of Colorado.

Denver.—Farmers from twenty-two states, delegates to the annual con-vention of the National Grange, Pa-trons of Husbandry, assembled at the Chamber of Commerce Wednesday morning and were called to order by Worthy Master Nahum J. Bachelder, former governor of New Hampshire. Standing committees were appointed and an adjournment taken until 2:30 o'clock.

At the afternoon session the mes-sage of the worthy master, containing many important recommendations, was read, and the grange went into se-cret session.

An open meeting was held at night, when the farmers were welcomed to the city and to Colorado by Gov. Jesse F. McDonald, A. J. Spengel, president of the Chamber of Commerce, Gov-ernor-Elect Buchtel and others.

In his address Master Bachelder made special reference to legislation in favor of good roads. He suggested that a bill be drawn for presentation to the next Congress, asking an ap-propriation of \$50,000,000, to be paid at the rate of \$10,000,000 a year, and to be expended in building roads through-out the country and improving the condition of old highways.

In speaking of the ship subsidy bill he referred to it as an iniquitous mea-sure and said that the grange had helped to defeat it, and must be pre-pared to renew the fight during the next session of Congress.

He spoke in enthusiastic terms of the proposed parcels post, and re-com-mended that the grange take action at this meeting to give such a meas-ure strong support. He ascribed the failure to enact the law to the opposi-tion of the express companies, which he said were monopolistic, and to that of a few rural merchants. The opposi-tion of the latter, he said, was due more to ignorance than anything else. The parcels post, he said, would be to the smallest of rural merchants an op-portunity equal to that of his largest catalogue competitor, as far as mail order business is concerned. "The rural merchant," he said, "has the mo-nopoly which has caused the decay of our villages to be feared, and not the parcels post, which is a step toward the abolishment of monopolies."

As a result of Master Bachelder's recommendation, it is stated that the grange will at once take up the sub-ject of a parcels post, and will appoint a committee to carry on a campaign in favor of it.

Of the railroads, Master Bachelder had the same to say as of the express companies. That in the spirit of mo-nopoly they prevent competition by preventing the building of new roads, although the increase in tonnage is such that they can no longer handle the business with the lines and equip-ment now in operation. As a remedy he suggested the construction of a ship canal connecting the Mississippi with the great lakes and with the At-lantic.

Legislators who treat the farmers of the country with contempt should be punished accordingly, he said. He cited as examples of those whom the grange has punished, James W. Wadsworth of New York, chairman of the house committee on agriculture, and Charles H. Burton of Ohio. Both had been denied re-election, he asserted, because the first had paid no attention to a communication from an organiza-tion with nearly 1,000,000 members, and the second had written a con-temptuous answer.

"The farmers of New York and Ohio who are members of the grange de-feated these two men," he said, "and it should be a lesson to others."

In his welcoming address at the night meeting Governor McDonald told the delegates that he hoped they would visit other sections of the state which has 3,000,000 acres of land un-der irrigation and much other land under cultivation without irrigation. He called their attention to the mines of Cripple Creek and other camps, which produced gold and silver valued at \$55,000,000, and to the coal mines, which produced 11,000,000 tons of coal last year. Agriculture in this state, he declared, was just as important, and produced last year more than the mines in money value.

The response to Governor McDonald was made by former Governor Bachelder of New Hampshire, who is the worthy master of the National Grange. He said that although in the forty years since the organization of the grange, this was the first meeting held in Colorado, yet there had long been a special reason for holding a conven-tion here. This, he said, was the fact that the grange admits women to membership with equal privileges, and that the grange is favoring universal suffrage for men and women.

"We appreciate the greeting you have given us," he said, "and we will assure you that while we are here you will need no extra policemen or bar-tenders, but when we leave you might do well to watch us in order that we do not make off with some of your grand scenery and invigorating air."

Governor-Elect Buchtel made a happy speech and recited a chapter from Mr. Dooley relative to Roose-velt's visit to Colorado while vice president.

Filling of Cakes.

For an ice cream filling boil a cup-ful and a half of sugar in eight table-spoonfuls of water until it threads. Pour slowly over the beaten whites of two eggs, beating until smooth and creamy. Put between the layers when the cake is cold.

A delicious lemon-honey filling is made as follows: Put the juice of three lemons, the grated rind of one, half pound of loaf sugar and a quar-ter of a pound of butter in a saucepan to melt over a gentle fire. When dis-solved stir in the yolks of four eggs and one whole egg, stirring rapidly until as thick as honey. Spread be-tween the layers.

To make tutti-frutti filling, mix a soft icing with the whites of two eggs and sugar. Flavor as preferred, then stir in two tablespoonfuls each of orange marmalade and currants. Add half a cupful of seeded and chopped raisins. Almonds and chopped co-coanut make a nice variety. All fill-ings should be added when the cakes are cold.

To Clean Lace.

Lace may be cleaned very nicely at home by soaking it for a few hours in a good strong suds of warm water, to which has been added a little am-monia; then rinse in hot water until the lace looks clean. Never rub lace, but squeeze it gently. If the lace is very much discolored, lay it in the sun to bleach. Make a flat pad of clean white cloth, and pin the lace in shape on it to dry, being very careful not to break the mesh of the lace. In washing a heavy lace, such as Irish crochet, which is much soiled, a gen-tle brushing while in the warm suds with a nail brush will remove the soil very nicely. Rinse with the other lace and dry in the same manner. If press-ing is necessary, lay the lace wrong side up on a thick pad of muslin, with a thin piece of muslin between it and the iron.

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